

Nursery Long term plan

		Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5	Term 6
	Theme	It's good to be me!	Once upon a time...	Old Macdonald had a farm	Minibeast mayhem!	I like to move it, move it	Oh I do like to be beside the seaside
P r i m e a r e a s	Personal, social and emotional development	<p>During their Nursery year, children will be learning to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -select and use activities and resources, with help when needed -develop their sense of responsibility and membership of a community -become more outgoing with unfamiliar people, in the safe context of their setting -show more confidence in new social situations -play with one or more other children, extending and elaborating play ideas -find solutions to conflicts and rivalries, -increasingly follow rules, understanding why they are important -remember rules without needing an adult to remind them -develop appropriate ways of being assertive -talk with others to solve conflicts -talk about their feelings using words like 'happy', 'sad', 'angry' or 'worried' -understand gradually how others might be feeling -be increasingly independent in meeting their own care needs, for example, brushing teeth, using the toilet, washing and drying their hands thoroughly -make healthy choices about food, drink, activity and toothbrushing 					
	Communication and Language	<p>During their Nursery year, children will be learning to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -enjoy listening to longer stories and can remember much of what happens -pay attention to more than one thing at a time, which can be difficult -use a wider range of vocabulary -understand a question or instruction that has 2 parts, such as: "Get your coat and wait at the door" -understand 'why' questions, like: "Why do you think the caterpillar got so fat?" -sing a large repertoire of songs -know many rhymes, be able to talk about familiar books, and be able to tell a long story -develop their communication but may continue to have problems with irregular tenses and plurals, such as 'runned' for 'ran', 'swimmed' for 'swam' -develop their pronunciation but may have problems saying: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o some sounds: r, j, th, ch, and sh o multi-syllabic words such as 'pterodactyl', 'planetarium' or 'hippopotamus' -use longer sentences of 4 to 6 words -be able to express a point of view and to debate when they disagree with an adult or a friend, using words as well as actions -start a conversation with an adult or a friend and continue it for many turns -use talk to organise themselves and their play: "Let's go on a bus... you sit there... I'll be the driver" 					
	Physical Development	<p>During their Nursery year, children will be learning to:</p> <p>Continue to develop their movement, balancing, riding (scooters, trikes and bikes) and ball skills. Go up steps and stairs, or climb up apparatus, using alternate feet. Skip, hop, stand on one leg and hold a pose for a game like musical statues. Use large-muscle movements to wave flags and streamers, paint and make marks.</p>					

Start taking part in some group activities which they make up for themselves, or in teams.
 Increasingly be able to use and remember sequences and patterns of movements which are related to music and rhythm.
 Match their developing physical skills to tasks and activities in the setting. For example, they decide whether to crawl, walk or run across a plank, depending on its length and width.
 Choose the right resources to carry out their own plan. For example, choosing a spade to enlarge a small hole they dug with a trowel.
 Collaborate with others to manage large items, such as moving a long plank safely, carrying large hollow blocks.
 Use one-handed tools and equipment, for example, making snips in paper with scissors.
 Use a comfortable grip with good control when holding pens and pencils.
 Show a preference for a dominant hand.
 Be increasingly independent as they get dressed and undressed, for example, putting coats on and doing up zips.

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Literacy

During their Nursery year, children will be learning to:

Understand the five key concepts about print:

- print has meaning
- print can have different purposes
- we read English text from left to right and from top to bottom
- the names of the different parts of a book
- page sequencing

Develop their phonological awareness, so that they can:

- spot and suggest rhymes
- count or clap syllables in a word
- recognise words with the same initial sound, such as money and mother

Engage in extended conversations about stories, learning new vocabulary.

Use some of their print and letter knowledge in their early writing. For example: writing a pretend shopping list that starts at the top of the page; writing 'm' for mummy.

Write some or all of their name.

Write some letters accurately

Nursery will also follow the RWI scheme

Literacy Texts:

The Colour Monster
 All are welcome
 The paper dolls
 It's ok to be different
 This is our house!
 The listening walk
 Colour and Me!
 Around the world with Max and Lemon

Literacy Texts:

The three little pigs
 Goldilocks and the three bears
 The three billy goats
 Little Red Riding Hood
 The Gingerbread Man
 Father Christmas needs a wee

Literacy Texts:

What the ladybird heard
 Rosie's Walk
 Tanka Tanka
 Skunk
 Brown bear brown bear
 Farmer Duck

Literacy Texts:

The very Hungry Caterpillar
 Ben plants a butterfly garden
 Yucky Worms!
 The big book of bugs
 Aargghhhh Spider!
 Ben plants a Butterfly Garden

Literacy Texts:

Lost and found
 The train ride
 The journey home from Grandpa's
 The Naughty Bus
 The hundred decker bus
 We all go travelling by

Literacy Texts:

Sharing a shell
 One year with Kipper
 Stanley's Stick
 When the sun goes home
 The blue giant
 Topsy and Tim go on a Aeroplane

Maths

During their Nursery year, children will be learning to:

	<p>Develop fast recognition of up to 3 objects, without having to count them individually ('subitising').</p> <p>Recite numbers past 5.</p> <p>Say one number for each item in order: 1,2,3,4,5.</p> <p>Know that the last number reached when counting a small set of objects tells you how many there are in total ('cardinal principle').</p> <p>Show 'finger numbers' up to 5.</p> <p>Link numerals and amounts: for example, showing the right number of objects to match the numeral, up to 5.</p> <p>Experiment with their own symbols and marks as well as numerals.</p> <p>Solve real world mathematical problems with numbers up to 5.</p> <p>Compare quantities using language: 'more than', 'fewer than'.</p> <p>Talk about and explore 2D and 3D shapes (for example, circles, rectangles, triangles and cuboids) using informal and mathematical language: 'sides', 'corners'; 'straight', 'flat', 'round'.</p> <p>Understand position through words alone – for example, "The bag is under the table," – with no pointing. Describe a familiar route. Discuss routes and locations, using words like 'in front of' and 'behind'.</p> <p>Make comparisons between objects relating to size, length, weight and capacity.</p> <p>Select shapes appropriately: flat surfaces for building, a triangular prism for a roof, etc.</p> <p>Combine shapes to make new ones – an arch, a bigger triangle, etc.</p> <p>Talk about and identify the patterns around them. For example: stripes on clothes, designs on rugs and wallpaper.</p> <p>Use informal language like 'pointy', 'spotty', 'blobs', etc.</p> <p>Extend and create ABAB patterns – stick, leaf, stick, leaf.</p> <p>Notice and correct an error in a repeating pattern.</p> <p>Begin to describe a sequence of events, real or fictional, using words such as 'first', 'then...'</p>
<p>Expressive arts</p>	<p>During their Nursery year, children will be learning to:</p> <p>Take part in simple pretend play, using an object to represent something else even though they are not similar.</p> <p>Begin to develop complex stories using small world equipment like animal sets, dolls and dolls houses, etc.</p> <p>Make imaginative and complex 'small worlds' with blocks and construction kits, such as a city with different buildings and a park.</p> <p>Explore different materials freely, to develop their ideas about how to use them and what to make.</p> <p>Develop their own ideas and then decide which materials to use to express them.</p> <p>Join different materials and explore different textures</p> <p>Create closed shapes with continuous lines and begin to use these shapes to represent objects.</p> <p>Draw with increasing complexity and detail, such as representing a face with a circle and including details.</p> <p>Use drawing to represent ideas like movement or loud noises.</p> <p>Show different emotions in their drawings and paintings, like happiness, sadness, fear, etc.</p> <p>Explore colour and colour mixing.</p> <p>Show different emotions in their drawings – happiness, sadness, fear, etc.</p> <p>Listen with increased attention to sounds.</p> <p>Respond to what they have heard, expressing their thoughts and feelings.</p> <p>Remember and sing entire songs.</p> <p>Sing the pitch of a tone sung by another person ('pitch match').</p> <p>Sing the melodic shape (moving melody, such as up and down, down and up) of familiar songs.</p> <p>Create their own songs or improvise a song around one they know.</p> <p>Play instruments with increasing control to express their feelings and ideas.</p>

	<p>Understanding of the world</p>	<p>During their Nursery year, children will be learning to:</p> <p>Use all their senses in hands-on exploration of natural materials. Explore collections of materials with similar and/or different properties. Talk about what they see, using a wide vocabulary. Begin to make sense of their own life-story and family's history Show interest in different occupations. Explore how things work. Plant seeds and care for growing plants. Understand the key features of the life cycle of a plant and an animal. Begin to understand the need to respect and care for the natural environment and all living things. Explore and talk about different forces they can feel. Talk about the differences between materials and changes they notice. Continue developing positive attitudes about the differences between people. Know that there are different countries in the world and talk about the differences they have experienced or seen in photos.</p>		
	<p>Outdoor Learning</p>	<p>Embedded across all areas of learning.</p>		
	<p>Spanish</p>	<p>Language Angels: Nursery Rhymes Canciones Infantiles E</p> <p>Unit Objective: To become more familiar with traditional nursery rhymes in Spanish.</p> <p>Phonics & pronunciation we will see:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ñ sound. • LL sound • J sound. <p>Skills we will develop: Learning to listen more carefully and for longer periods of time repeating what we hear with improving accuracy. Using gestures and images to help us understand more of what we hear in Spanish.</p>	<p>Language Angels: Greetings: Los Saludos E</p> <p>Unit Objective: To be able to greet and hold a simple and short conversation in Spanish.</p> <p>Phonics & pronunciation we will see: Recommended phonics focus: CH J Ñ LL RR</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • J sound in José, Jorge & Juan Pablo • LL sound in llamo • Stress Placement. • Accents. <p>Skills we will develop: Learning to listen really well and repeat what we hear with improving accuracy. Working on my memory so that we are able to have a simple and short conversation in Spanish using the words and the short phrases we have learnt.</p>	<p>Language Angels: Minibeasts: LAS MINIBESTIAS E</p> <p>Unit Objective: To learn the words for ten minibeasts and learn how to follow instructions in Spanish.</p> <p>Phonics & pronunciation we will see:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LL sound in Guillermo • J sound in Alejandra, abeja & relajaos • Ñ sound in araña • Trilled 'R'. <p>Skills we will develop: Learning to listen carefully and repeat what we hear with improving accuracy. Working on memory skills so we are able to remember the new words we have learnt in Spanish long term and with accurate and authentic pronunciation.</p>
	<p>Computing (embedded across all areas of learning)</p>	<p>Technology All Around Us (role play area with a range of technology, both functioning and model / broken devices, or a variety of electronic toys, such as remote controlled cars, walkie-talkies and interactive pets, as part of continuous provision.) Selecting and use technology for a particular purpose (e.g. digital camera for photographing own work) Beebots and early computer programming Voice recorders/sound buttons Online books (Collins Big Cat/ORT) Purple Mash (embedding computing and digital skills)</p>		

